Me llamo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Gustar and similar verbs:**



A mi hermano, **le gusta** bailar. A mi hermana menor **le gusta** estudiar A mi madre le fascina trabajar en

Sobre todo le entusiasma el tango. y recibir buenas notas. su jardín. **Le encantan** las flores.



A mí y a mi amigo David **NO nos gusta**

estudiar pero **nos parece** importante.

**Nos faltan** solamente dos clases para graduarnos.

-Sentences with the verb **gustar** have a special construction that uses indirect object pronouns. In English, this verb means *to like, to please or to be pleasing to*.

|  |
| --- |
| Indirect Object Verb SubjectMe el libro.Te gusta escribir. Le escribir y leer los libros.NosOs Les estos libros. gustan el arte y la literatura. |

-when the subject is a singular noun, an infinitive, **or a series of infinitives**, these verbs use the third person singular form. (\*Note that an infinitive is usually translated as a gerund in English.\*)

 Me cae bien mi primo Antonio. I like my cousin Antonio.

 \*No nos interesa **estudiar** la química. \*Study**ing** chemistry doesn’t interest us.

 A mi hermana le fascina escuchar música, Listening to music, singing and excercising

 cantar y hacer ejercicio. fascinates my sister.

-when the subject is a plural noun or a series of nouns, these verbs use the **third person plural** form.

 A mi compañera de cuarto **le preocupan** las notas. My roommate worries about her grades.

 A ti **te gustan** el arte y la literatura. You like art and literature.

-the prepositional phrase **a** + prepositional pronoun or noun is often used to clarify or emphasize the indirect object. This phrase usually precedes the verb and the subject follows the verb.

 **A nosotros** nos entusiasma mucho la idea de The idea of spending our vacation

 pasar las vacaciones con los amigos. with friends is exciting to us.

 **A mí** no me interesa oír chismes sobre mis amigos. Listening to gossip about my friends doesn’t interest me.

Common verbs with a similar structure:

 aburrir *to bore*

 asustar *to frighten*

 caer bien / caer mal *to like/not like someone*

 chocar *to shock, “I was taken aback by it; it bugs me; I can’t stand it”)*

 convenir (e -> ie) *to be advisable, to suit someone, to be in someone’s best interest*

 dar asco *to sicken, disgust*

 dar igual *to not matter, to be “ all the same “*

 encantar *to delight, to love*

 entusiasmar *to be enthusiastic, to excite*

 faltar *to lack, to need; to be left (to do)*

 fascinar *to fascinate*

 fastidiar *to bother, annoy*

 importar *to matter*

 interesar *to interest*

 molestar *to bother, annoy*

 parecer *to appear, to seem*

 preocupar *to worry*

 quedar *to be left, to remain*

sorprender *to surprise*

 y expresiones:

 -me da la gana / no me da la gana *to make you feel like doing something willingly; unwillingly*

 -a mí me da igual = no me importa